UNCLASSIFIED

AD NUMBER

AD824741

LIMITATION CHANGES

TO:

Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited. Document partially illegible.

FROM:

Distribution authorized to U.S. Gov't. agencies and their contractors; Critical Technology; 16 OCT 1967. Other requests shall be referred to Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development, Attn: FOR-OT-RD, Washington, DC 20310. Document partially illegible. This document contains export-controlled technical data.

AUTHORITY

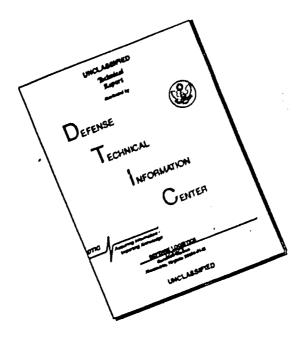
AGO D/A ltr, 29 Apr 1980

THIS REPORT HAS BEEN DELIMITED AND CLEARED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE UNDER DOD DIRECTIVE 5200.20 AND NO RESTRICTIONS ARE IMPOSED UPON ITS USE AND DISCLOSURE.

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A

APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE;
DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED.

DISCLAIMER NOTICE



THIS DOCUMENT IS BEST QUALITY AVAILABLE. THE COPY FURNISHED TO DTIC CONTAINED A SIGNIFICANT NUMBER OF PAGES WHICH DO NOT REPRODUCE LEGIBLY.

TO:

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

OFFICE OF THE ADJUTANT GENERAL WASHINGTON, D.C. 20310

AGAM-P (M) (5 Oct 67) FOR OT RD 670302

16 October 1967

Operational Report - Lessons Learned, Headquarters,

577th Engineer Battalion (Construction)

SEE DISTRIBUTION

- 1. Subject report is forwarded for review and evaluation by USACDC in accordance with paragraph 6f, AR 1-19 and by USCONARC in accordance with paragraph 6c and d, AR 1-19. Evaluations and corrective actions should be reported to ACSFOR OT within 90 days of receipt of covering letter.
- Information contained in this report is provided to insure appropriate benefits in the future from Lessons Learned during current operations, and may be adapted for use in developing training material.

BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY:

C. A. STANFIEL

Colonel, AGC

Acting The Adjutant General

1 Incl as

DISTRIBUTION:

Commanding Generals

US Continental Army Command

US Army Combat Developments Command Commandants

US Army Command and General Staff College

US Army War College

US Army Air Defense School

US Army Armor School

US Army Artillery and Missile School

US Army Aviation School

US Army Chemical School

US Army Civil Affairs School

US Army Engineer School

US Army Infantry School

US Army Intelligence School

THE MARKING FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY IS CANCELED WHEN SEPARATED FROM

PROTECTED MATERIAL

STATESFAL #2 UNCLASSIFIED This donument is subject to special expert controls and each Down Matthe of RD

ICIAL USE ONLY Wash. D. C. 20318

670302

FOR OFFICIAL USE CALLY

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
HEADQUARTERS, 577TH ENGINEER BATTALION (CONSTRUCTION) APO US Forces 96316

EGD-BC-CO

3

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned (RCS CSFOR-65), for Quarterly Period Ending 30 April 1967

THRU:

Commanding Officer 45th Engineer Group APO 96238

Commanding General 18th Engineer Brigade ATTN: AVBC-C AFO 96377

Commanding General United States Army Engineer Conrand, Vietnam ATTN: .VCC-FO APO 96491

Commanding General United States Army, Vietnam ATTN: AVGC-DH APO 96307

Commander in Chief United States Army, Pacific ATTN: GPOP-OT APO 96558

TO:

Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development Department of the Army (ACSFOR DA) Washington, D.C. 20310

FOR OT RD File 670302

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

Section 1. Significant Organization or Unit Activity FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

- 1. The 577th Engineer Battalion (Construction) is organized under TO&E 5-115E. Company C, this organization, is attached to the 159th Engr Gp (Const). At present the 553rd Engr Co (FB); the 572nd Engr Co (LE); Co B, 39th Engr Bn (C); Co C, 39th Engr Bn (C); and one section of the 513th Engr Co (DT) are attached to this organization. Battalion headquarters, Co A, a platoon of Co B, Co D, the 553rd Engr Co (FB), the 572nd Engr Co (LE) and the dump truck section are operating in the Free World Forces (FWF) Cantonment in Tuy Hoa. Co B (-) is stationed at Port Lane on Vung Ro Bay. Co B, 39th Engrs is located at north Tuy Hoa and Co C, 39th Engrs is at Ninh Hoa. A task force is at Cung Son. The battalion and attached units are further attached to the 45th Engr Gp (Const).
- 2. At the beginning of this reporting period Co B was engaged in construction port facilities at Port Lane. The causeway earthwork had been completed and upon the conclusion of the monsoon season a double bituminous surface treatment (DBST) was applied. The DeLong Corroration erected a DeLong Pier and on 25 March the pier was operational and turned over to the port authorities.
- 3. The 1,775 foot access road to beach Alpha, Port Lane, was opened for traffic in early April 1967. Approximately 5,700 cu yds of solid rock was blasted and excavated to establish the single lane road. The roadway presently is being brought to final grade and a DEST will be applied. This road will provide ready access to the Transportation cantonment on beach Alpha. This cantonment is being constructed under the self help program and at present is about 5% complete. Other facilities on beach alpha include the pump station for a 6 and 8 inch line to Tuy Hoa air Force Base, South (THAFB) which is complete, and a POL tank and fill stand complex which is presently being constructed.
- 4. Extensive earthwork was accomplished at the logisitics hardstand at Fort Lane during the reporting period. The existing 100,000 square feet of hardstand on the beach level was stabilized with 1500 cubic yards of 3" minus aggregate. Four terraces have been cut into the side of the mountain behind the existing hardstand. Two of the terraces have been stabilized with 1300 cu yds of 3" minus rock. Drainage structures for this hardstand complex have been designed and are being constructed. A DBST will be applied to the hardstands.
- 5. A low voltage power system was installed on the beach level of Port Lane to provide power to a lighting system which consists of 43 prefabricated panzermast poles. Two 100 KW generators furnish the power for the hardstand lighting system while the DeLong pier has a self contained lighting system powered by a third 100 KW generator.
- 6. Company B, 577th Engineers continued to assist Fort Lane authorities in the maintenance of the port facilities at Vung Ro Bay. Continual dredging using a dragline maintains a shifting shoreline. Two LST ramps, badly battered by monsoon season, required maintenance consisting of concrete patching.
- 7. Bryant Road, the access road from 11-1 to Port Lane, received a DBST during the reporting period. The 1.7 mile, 2 lane road, was completed using 1,650 cubic yards of sand and 41,000 gallons of RC-3.

- 8. The maintenance of the line of communication (LOC) extending from Ninh Hoa to the Song Cal River, a distance of 110 km, is one of the prime missions of this organization. Units from Co B and Co D, 577th Engr Bn, and Co B, Co C, 39th Engrs performed maintenance on this vital link. A total of 2600 cubic yards of dense graded asphaltic cold mix was produced by 577th Engr Bn and applied to the road surface. Extensive widening and raising of the access road to the FWF Cantonment was also accomplished.
- 9. During this reporting period construction was completed on the pipeline system from Port Lane to THIFB South, excluding the submerged tanker hookup and mooring system. This project consisted of a pumping station for a 6 and 8 inch line at Port Lane and approximately 16.5 miles of pipeline. The two POL lines parallel each other over mountainous terrain and proceed along a railroad right-of-way to the THIFB. Additionally, a spur services the FWF Cantonmant area. Co D is presently constructing the Army portion of the tank farm at the THIFB by erecting three 10,000 barrel bolted steel tanks. Co B is constructing two 250 barrel tanks at Beach Alpha.
- 10. Another project assigned to this battalion is the construction of the 91st Evacuation Hospital within the FMF Cantonment. This 400 bed facility is being built primarily by Co D with self help assistance from the user. The beneficial occupancy date (BOD) was met on this facility on 1 March 1967. The hospital initially opened with a 100 bed capability 85 days subsequent to the initiation of construction. The electrical system, deep well pump, chlorinator and water distribution system became operational during period. The hospital admitted the first patient on 17 Parch 1967.
- 11. Co D, 577th Engrs completed the 180th Aviation Company (CH-47) helipad and maintenance facility in early February 1967. This project consisted of a stablized crushed rock base and a single surface treatment of RS-1 asphalt emulsion. Steel matting was superimposed on the base as a wearing surface.
- 12. Co B, 577th Engrs (Const) constructed a microwave relay building on Hill 430, vicinity Port Lane, in support of the communications effort. The 2000 square feet prefabricated Pascoe building, was completed on 1 April 1967.
- 13. The battalion continued to monitor self help construction in the FVF cantonment. The Republic of Korea, army (ROKA), opened the 9th hobile Army Surgical Hospital on 15 harch 1967. The 180th aviation Co, the 176th Aviation Co, the 5/27th arty En, the 261st Signal Co, Tuy Hoa Sub-area Cormand and the 577th Eners participated in cantonment construction during the reporting period. Assistance was given in placing concrete pads and erecting mess halls, showers, latrines, administrative buildings and day-rooms.
- 14. Work in the FMF Cantonment Logistics area continued with the construction of 3 ea Direct Exchange (DX) Warehouses, a Bakery and Reefer Storage Facilities.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

6

- 16. Both Co B and Co C of the 39th Engrs were placed under operational control of the 577th Engr Bn (Const) during mid April. Company C, Ninh Hoa assisted in ROKA self help projects, combat support and engaged in upgrading bridges on LL-1. Co B, 39th Engrs is engaged in combat support, road maintenance in the Tuy Hoa North area and repair of the Cung Son airfield.
- 17. At the beginning of the reporting period the 553rd Engr Co (FB) was attached to the 39th Engr Bn (C). The company is located at Tuy Hoa minus one platoon located at Cam Ranh Bay, maintaining the My Ca Bridge. In the Tuy Hoa Area, the 553rd raised a blown 84ft reinforced concrete bridge (CO 115647) and constructed timber trestle bents under the spans to facilitate the construction of a reinforced concrete pier. The unit supported 4th Infantry Division assault river crowings with boots, motors and personnel for a search and destroy mission. Several tactical bridges were removed, throughout the reporting period, as permanent structures were constructed. At one time this comeany supported the 1st Brigade, 101st Airborne Division with a reft at bridge 1115 (C) 065735). At present the company is raising bridge 135 (C, 229290) which is a 100 ft reinforced concrete bridge. A center pier will be constructed to provide bearing for the two dropped spans.
- 18. During this reporting period the 572nd Ingr Co (LE) constructed a road to Signal Hill No. 430 in the Fort Lane area. The road is a 1.5 mile single lane, dry weather road from CL-1 to the microwave relay site. The road has a maximum grade of 15% and was blasted through dense jungle and rock ledges. The company provided the 39th Engr Bn (C) with a 20 tor crane in support of pile driving bridge construction operations. The hight equipment company supported the battalion quarry site and supported airfield construction at Cung Son. At resent one platoon of the company is attached to the 19th Engr Bn (C) in Qui Nhon.

Section 2, Part I, Observations (Lessons Learned)

- 1. Personnel None
- 2. Operations
 - a. ITEM: "Boulder" Quarry Demolitions

DISCUSSION: Temblitions in this type of quarry is different than in a normal bedrock quarry. The granite boulders are highly fractured and are in varying stages of decomposition. This condition does not lend itself to economic blasting and requires an abnormal amount of explosives. Considerable secondary blasting (mudcapping) is required. This procedure also requires greater amounts of explosives than used in normal quarry operations. This method of blasting produces 1,000 cubic yards of rock per 5,000 pounds of explosives, 600 ft of detenting cord and 600 electric caps. TNT and C4 are more effective than military dynamite for secondary blasting.

OBSERVATION: Boulder quarries require abnormal amounts of detonation materials.

b. ITEM: Rock Drilling Equipment

DISCUSSION: Drilling equipment requirements in a boulder quarry are greater than in normal quarry operations. Drilling on a two shift basis, using three 600 CFM air compressors and 4 wagon drills, will produce enough rock to keep a 75 TFH rock crusher operating for 20 hours per day.

OBSERVATION: Rock drilling is critical in a "Boulder" quarry.

c. ITEM: Crusher Unit Requirements

DISCUSSION. In order to maintain a reliable level of production of crushed aggregate, it is desirable to have two primary crusher units located at the quarry. Although rock production will permit charging only one crusher unit, experience has indicated that by operating one crusher for one ten hour shift and then shifting to the stand-by unit, the operation is more efficient and a steady production will be maintained. Further, this arrangement permits a rapid charge-over in case of equipment break-down. The overall result is that one crusher is always available for operation.

 $\underline{\text{OBSERVATIOM:}} \quad \text{The installation of two crusher units in ϵ, rock quarry will insure a constant and more effective production rate.}$

d. ITEL: Primary Crusher Waste for Road Stabilization

DISCUSSION: Primary crusher wasto (tailings) has proven to be an excellent road binder and consists of aggregate, sand and a clay binder.

OBSERVATION: Primary waste is an effective road base material. Limited production of this material restricts its use to high priority projects.

e. ITEM: Check-valves in POL Facilities

DISCUSSION: The design of a pipeline often does not include adequate check-valves to facilitate pumping over mountainous terrain.

OBSERVATION: Check-valves should be installed on both sides of steep grades to preclude a siphoning action concurrent with a break or leak in the pipeline.

f. ITEM: Raising Blown Bridge Spans

DISCUSSION: When concrete bridges are blown, the center pier destroyed, and little damage done to the span itself; an efficient and economical method of repair is to raise concrete slabs. Generally the bridge can be repaired as epposed to complete rebuilding. Two methods are employed in the Tuy Hoa area to raise damaged bridge spans.

FOR OFF

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

The first method involves construction of 2 ea 25 foot towers on either side of the span. An I-beam was placed on top of the tower and a block and tackle system suspended from the I-beam. Cable was then strapped around the span and attached to the block and tackle system. The span was raised using a winch (a vehicle tank retriever, VTR, 50 ton winch works well). Temporary timber piers were constructed on each side of the permanent pier. While the spans were supported in this manner, the permanent pier was placed. After the concrete cured, the two slabs were lowered to the new pier and the temporary piers removed.

The second method involves placing 2 ea class 60 trestles on both sides of the blown span. Aluminum balk was then placed between the trestle parallel to the bridge. Two I-beams were placed perpendicularly under the bridge supported by the balk. Heavy-duty jacks were positioned between the I-beam and the concrete stringers and the spans were alternately raised. After the spans were raised a new concrete pier was placed. The advantage of this system is that traffic continues during the actual jacking operation.

OBSERVATION: Dropped spans can be rais ' by using block and tackle or jacks.

h. ITM: The issue of common nails in lieu of roofing nails presents leaking roof problems because of the lack of felt or rubber washers to prevent precipitation passing through roof nail holes.

OBSERVATION: By fabricating square $(\frac{1}{2} \text{m} \frac{1}{2} \text{m})$ "washers" out of an old inner tube, common nails can be used on roofs providing a leak free connection. It is still important to drive these nails into ridges of corrugated roofing. This approach is time consuming but considered worthwhile.

- 3. Training and Organization
 - a. ITEM: Consolidation of battalion communications personnel

<u>DISCUSSION</u>: With a battalion in an administrative posture, it is often difficult and unnecessary to maintain a Net Control Station (NCS) for all assigned and attached units.

OBSERVATION: The consolidation of communications personnel into a centralized NCS permits more efficient utilization of communications personnel and facilitates optimum training of newly assigned communicators. Additionally, centralized radio maintenance personnel reduces maintenance problems considerably.

- 4. Intelligence None
- 5. Logistics None
- 6. Maintenance
 - a. ITM: Rock Crusher Faintenance

DISCUSSION: Often the rock crushing unit is located in an area removed from the maintenance base and considerable time is lost due to travel by mechanics.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

The placement of a small 2nd echelon repair shop team at the quarry site eliminates travel time and minimizos maintenance "down time".

OBSERVATION: Attaching a 2nd echelon repair team shop at the quarry site improves crusher maintenance and better utilizes time.

ITEM: H-90 Front Loader

DISCUSSION: The bucket teeth on the H-90 Front Leader are in short supply.

OBSERVATION: Cutting edges from a dozer may be used to fabricate an acceptable substitute.

c. ITEM: Damaged Spindles on Cat 12 Grader

DISCUSSION: Graders often become unserviceable due to damaged spiniles. Loosened hub nuts create free play resulting in damage to the hub. The 2nd or 3rd echelon tool kits do not have adequate tools to accomodate the tightening of hub nuts.

OBSERVATION: A suitable wrench should be included in the OVE designed to tighten these hub nuts.

Section 2, Part II, Recommendations:

This organization has been in Vietnam approximately nine months and has maintained round the clock operation of key pieces of construction equipment (i.e. crones, asphalt distributors, bucket loaders, and graders). By operating in adverse environmental conditions in sustained operations, equipment "life-span" is greatly reduced. Recommend that a replacement program be established to exchange these key items for rebuild eight to twelve months after the organization has been in country.

CARL P RODOLPH

LTC, CE Commanding

DISTRIBUTION:

5 - (1 - thru channels) - ACSFOR DA

(2 - w/1st Ind) - ACSFOR DA

(2 - CO, 45th Engr Gp (Const), APO 96328)
2 - CINC USARPAC, ATTN: GPOP-OT (Airmail)

3 - CG, USARV, ATTN: AVGC - DH (Courier)

15 - CG, 18th Engr Bde, ATTN: AVBC-C (Courier)

1 - File

EGD-3 1st Ind SUBJECT: Operational Report-Lessons Learned (RCS CSFOR-65) for Quarterly Period Ending 30 April 1967

HEADQUARTERS, 45th Engineer Group (Construction), APO 96238, 11 June 1967

Commanding General, 18th Engineer Brigade, ATTN: AVEC-C, APO 96377 Commanding General, USA Engineer Command Vietnam (Prov), ATTN:
AVCC-PLO, APO 96491 THRU: Commanding General, United States Army, Vietnam, ATTN: AVHGC-DH,

APO 96307 Commander in Chief, United States Army, Pacific, ATTN: GROP-CT,

APO 96558

TO: Assistant hief of Staff for Force Development, Department of the Army (ACSFOR DA), Washington, D. C. 20310

1. Operational Report-Lessons Learned of the Sillin Engineer Lattalion (Construction) for the Quarterly Period ending 30 April 1967 is

2. Concur with observations.

Colonel, Corps of Engineers Commanding

3E ONE:

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

AVBC-C (30 April 1967)

2nd Ind

Cpt Mills/dlr/DBT-163

12

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned (RCS CSFOR-65) For The Quarterly Period Ending 30 April 1967

Headquarters, 18th Engineer Brigade, APO US Forces 96377

TO: Commanding General, U.S. Army Engineer Command, Vietnam, (Prov) ATTN: AVCC-P&O, APO US Forces 96491

- 1. This Headquarters has reviewed the Operational Report Lessons Learned (RCS CSFOR-65) submitted by the 577th Engineer Battalion (Construction) for the period ending 30 April 1967 and considers it an adequate account of unit activities and accomplishments.
- 2. Concur with the observations and recommendations of the battalion commander, as indorsed by Commanding Officer, 45th Engineer Group (Construction), with the additional comment:

Page 7, paragraph c, Item: Damaged Spindles on Cat 12 Grader -The checking of these nuts should be a part of daily services performed on the equipment, wrenches in the general mechanic's tool box will fit these nuts. The use of unit contact maintenance teams can overcome this problem.

Brigader General, USA

Commanding

13

AVCC-F&O (30 Apr 67) 3d lnd CPT Hubbard/ccb/BNH 497 SUBJECT: Operational Report-Lessons Learned (RCS CSFOR-65) for Quarterly Feriod Ending 30 April 1967

HEADQUARTERS, UNITED STATES ARMY ENGINEER COMMAND VIETNAM (PROV), AFC 96491

TO: Commanding General, United States Army, Vietnam, ATTN: AVHCC-DE, APO 96307

- 1. The subject report, submitted by the 577th Engineer Battalion (Const), has been reviewed by this headquarters and is considered adequate.
- 2. The recommendations and comments made by the submitting and Indorsing commanders have been reviewed and this headquarters concurs, subject to the following added comment:

Section 2, Fart II, page 7, Recommendations. 1st Logistical Command has a program for maintenance float, evacuation of regainables and replacement of major end items. When fully implemented by receipt of sufficient end items, the problem of the "shortening" rebuild age of equipment used in RVN should be solved.

FOR THE COMMANUER:

RICHARD J. TUCK Colonel, CK Chief of Staff Mad Carters, C. 1750 Co. Tal. and VII That, APC San Prendisco 96307 13 JUL 1967

- h: Commander in Chief, Mairie States Arm, Facific, ATT: 1PCP-CT, 1PC 90050
- 1. This here uprters has reviewed the Operational Rejert-Lessons for the jurice that. It is prill by y from encounters, 577th Philade Intiffice (Communication).
- i. Partirult con alt vellous: Reference item echecraling enclonge on log gross of membrostich orange out, in e 7 and part right 2, 3a incorponent: Remour in contains contains in part right, buildersement.

l'a que con autili:

N. P. LALSSAI
CPT, AGO
ASS. A3

15

GPOP-DT (Undtd) 5th Ind /
SUBJECT: Operational Report for the Quarterly Period Ending 30 April 1967
from HQ, 577th Engr Bn (Const.) (RCS CSFOR-65)

HQ, US ARMY, PACIFIC, APO San Francisco 96558 2 SEP 1967

TO: Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development, Department of the Army, Washington, D. C. 20310

This headquarters has evaluated subject report and forwarding indorsements and concurs in the report as indorsed.

FOR THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF:

G. L. McMULLLIN MAJ, AGO Asst AG